Note: The Jews hated the Samaritans and they would have no dealings with them \*(John 4:9);

- Because they were a mixed race partly Jewish and partly Gentile
- (2) Because their religion was a mixture of truth and falsehood
- (3) Because they had tried to sabotage the rebuilding of Jerusalem's temple and walls \*(Ezra 4:4,5)
- b. To make possible the fulfillment of Joel's prophecy that the Holy Spirit would be given to all believers regardless of race, i.e. to Jewish believers, Samaritan believers, and Gentile believers (Acts 2:16,17—Inote the words "I will pour out my spirit upon all flesh", 38,39).
- c. To convince the Jewish believers to receive the Samaritan believers into the church on an equal basis with themselves.

Note: In the body of Christ which is the church there is no difference between Jewish believers and Samaritan believers; they are all one in Christ.

d. To convince the Samaritan believers that they were to be part of the church which is the body of Christ.

Note: This is why the Holy Spirit was given to the Samaritan believers by Peter and John laying their hands on them \*(Acts 8:17).

4. Evidence of the baptsm of the Holy Spirit

It was speaking in tongues \*(Acts 8:18).

 $\underline{\text{Note}}$ : Simon had to have seen something miraculous to make him want to purchase the power to give the Holy Spirit to anyone upon whom he would lay his hands.

- D. An examination of the baptism of the Holy Spirit in Acts 10:1-11:18.
  - 1. Occurrence of the baptism of the Holy Spirit (Acts 10:44,45)
  - 2. Time of the occurrence of the baptism of the Holy Spirit

It occurred at the time of conversion \*(Acts 10:44,45,47,48; 11:15,17)

- 3. Reasons for the occurence of the baptism of the Holy Spirit
  - a. To convince the Jewish believers to preach the Gospel to the Gentiles in fulfillment of the Great Commission in Acts 1:8